



14799/ 11/6/81 E.1

EPA RECORD OF TELEPHONE CONVERSATION

DATE: Nov. 6, 1981

RECORDED BY:

FROM: Bill Sanders

TO: Dale Bryson

SUBJECT: Turn Around Time for Dioxin Analytical Results

DISCUSSION: I called Dale in response to Sandra's 11/3/81 memo, above subject, re: the Sauget Toxic Dump Samples. I advised him that there was apparently a misunderstanding. The first set of samples will be run on contract (VIAR) within 30 days of sample collection for all parameters specified, including dioxin; however, the protocol to be used--due to evidence of high concentration--is for medium concentration samples (10 ppm to 15000 ppm). Consequently, if (and only if) the actual concentration of the samples is less than 10 ppm (in essence, Non Detect), will we need to rerun samples. In this eventuality, we will send a sample to the University of Nebraska. The expected turnaround time there is uncertainty, but our (frustrating) experience indicates that six months is certainly possible.

(P.S. I fully concur in the need to get this information to you as soon as possible. We will do everything necessary on our end, but the delays are external and mostly beyond our control.)

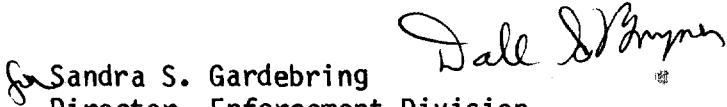
cc: Ross/Elly

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
REGION V

DATE: NOV 3 1981

SUBJECT: Turn-Around Time for Dioxin Analytical Results

FROM:  Sandra S. Gardebring
Director, Enforcement Division

TO: William H. Sanders III
Director, Surveillance & Analysis Division

On October 16, 1981, a Priority 1 Sampling Request was submitted for the site adjacent to the Sauget Toxic Dump, Sauget, Illinois (Attachment 1). The survey was to take place October 21, 1981, but was changed by the contractor (FIT) to November 11, 1981. Discussions between our respective staffs indicate that dioxin analysis results may take up to 6 months (30-90 days for the organic scan and upon completion another 30-90 days for the dioxin analysis). While we understand the analytical problems associated with dioxin, a possible 6 month turn-around time for this Priority 1 Request is unacceptable. This is particularly true in light of the fact that very recent preliminary data (Attachment 2) indicate there is leachate leaving the site possibly contaminated with many pollutants of concern.

If there is any possible way this projected turn-around can be considerably shortened, it would be appreciated. I would be happy to discuss in detail with you the particular urgency associated with this investigation.

Attachments

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
REGION V

DATE **OCT 16 1981**

SUBJECT Request For: Sampling Survey, Mississippi,
Riverfront Sauget, IL

FROM: *for* Sandra S. Gardebring *Dale J. Byrnes*
Director, Enforcement Division

with TO: William H. Sanders, III, Director
Surveillance & Analysis Division

Project Objective:

Sample and analyze leachate from hazardous waste site (Sauget Toxic Dump) adjacent to the Mississippi River in Sauget, IL. Mr. Richard Boice has already surveyed the site with David DiTraglia and is familiar with the sampling locations. Due to the Mississippi's low water stage, the observed leachate streams are now accessible and the sampling should be performed as soon as possible. Presence of dioxins is highly suspected.

Decision Unit D314 Specific Activity _____ Priority 1

Desired Completion Date ASAP Authority Law/Section RCRA

Principal Contact: Edward DiDomenico Phone 353-2110

Date: _____

Subject: Acknowledgment of Receipt of Work Request

From: _____

To: _____

_____ will do the above work (as specified) (with modifications).

Target Comp. Date: _____ S&A Project No. _____ Est. Cost _____

S&A Project Leader: _____ Phone _____

Comments:

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I. TYPE & ESTIMATED NUMBER OF SAMPLES

A. GROUND WATER _____
B. SURFACE WATER _____
C. RUNOFF/LEACHATE 3
D. WASTE STREAM _____

E. AIR _____
F. SOIL _____
G. SEDIMENT 3
H. BARREL _____

I. SLUDGE _____
J. OIL _____
K. OTHER _____

II. ANALYTICAL ANALYSIS REQUIRED

A. METALS - ICAP X

BY FLAMELESS AA:

a. LEAD X
b. ARSENIC _____
c. SELENIUM _____

d. MERCURY X
e. CADMIUM X
f. HEXAVALENT _____
g. OTHERS _____

B. CYANIDES X

C. ORGANICS

a. BASE NEUTRAL FRACTION (PRIMARYLY, SUBSTITUTED BENZENES OTHER THAN PHENOLS) X

b. PESTICIDE FRACTION AND TRACE CHLORINATED ORGANICS X

c. PURGEABLE ORGANICS (HIGHLY VOLATILE SOLVENTS) X

d. ACID FRACTION (PHENOLICS) X

e. ORGANIC SCAM - SEDIMENTS (HEXANE/ACETONE EXTRACT) X

f. PCBs X

D. ALL NPDES PERMIT PARAMETERS _____

E. OTHER Total dioxins (if positive then isomer specific) and total furans

cc: _____, EEID

Dave Wagner, DISTRICT OFFICE

CURTIS ROSS, CRL

bcc: Miner

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|--|--|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| RECORD OF COMMUNICATION | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PHONE CALL <input type="checkbox"/> DISCUSSION <input type="checkbox"/> FIELD TRIP <input type="checkbox"/> CONFERENCE <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY) _____ | | |
| (Record of item checked above) | | | |
| TO: Mr. Perry Mann IEPA - Collinsville | FROM: David DiTraglia Engineering Unit II U.S. EPA | DATE October 23, 1981 | TIME A.M. |
| SUBJECT Sauget Toxic Dump - <u>Preliminary</u> Lab Results | | | |
| SUMMARY OF COMMUNICATION Mann had learned through a phone conversation with Springfield Laboratory personnel, the following preliminary lab results on three water (leachate) samples taken October 2, 1981, adjacent to the Sauget Toxic Dump: <div style="margin-left: 40px;"> I. Sample A A. Chloroaniline - 24,000ppb B. Chloronitro benzene - 21,000ppb C. Dichlorophenol - 31,000ppb D. 2,4 D - 22,000ppb </div> <div style="margin-left: 40px;"> II. Sample B A. Chlorophenol - 30,000ppb B. Chloroaniline - 22,000ppb C. Dichlorophenol - 7,000ppb D. Chloronitrobenzene - 10,000ppb E. Phenol - 1,700ppb F. Methylbenzosulfaamide - 2,000ppb G. Benzoic acid - 7,000ppb H. Benzene carboxylic acid - 1,200ppb I. 2,4 D - 17,000ppb </div> <div style="margin-left: 40px;"> III. Sample C A. Chloroaniline - 38,000ppb B. Phenol - 11,000ppb C. Dichlorophenol - 27,000ppb D. Dichloroaniline - 2,800ppb E. Dichlorophenol - 2,000ppb F. Benzoic acid - 2,000ppb G. 2,4 D - 8,000ppb </div> | | | |
| CONCLUSIONS, ACTION TAKEN OR REQUIRED <div style="margin-left: 40px;"> A. Chloroaniline - 38,000ppb B. Phenol - 11,000ppb C. Dichlorophenol - 27,000ppb D. Dichloroaniline - 2,800ppb E. Dichlorophenol - 2,000ppb F. Benzoic acid - 2,000ppb G. 2,4 D - 8,000ppb </div> | | | |
| INFORMATION COPIES TO: Fenner, Schulteis/Buttolph, Miner/DiDomenico | | | |

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Other constituents of the leachate were qualitatively identified as follows:

- (1) Chlorobenzene
- (2) Dichlorobenzene
- (3) Chloromethylphenol
- (4) Aniline
- (5) Chloronitrobenzene
- (6) Biphenol 2-OL
- (7) Methylbenzene
- (8) Methylphenol
- (9) Trichlorophenol
- (10) Sulfamide
- (11) Benzene
- (12) Biphenol Di OL
- (13) Dichloroaniline
- (14) Dichloronitrobenzene
- (15) Nitroaniline
- (16) Chloronitroaniline
- (17) Nitrophenol
- (18) Benzoic acid
- (19) Hydroxybenzoic acid
- (20) Benzoic acid
- (21) N-Butyl-phthalate
- (22) Methylbenzenesulfaamide
- (23) Benzenesulfaamide
- (24) Methylphenol
- (25) Phenol
- (26) 2-cyclo-pentanol
- (27) 4-methyl-2-pentanol
- (28) Chlorophenol
- (29) Toluene

These above constituents were identified in the leachate samples below a detection level of 1000-7000ppb. (Depending on the specific chemical). The PCB and TCP analysis will be performed in about one week. When complete, the IEPA will get a copy of the full laboratory analysis and will send us a copy. The sediment samples taken were not analyzed at the time of our phone conversation.